

The Relationship between GIAHS and Climate Change from Chinese Perspective

Dr XU Yubo

First Secretary
Director, Section of FAO Affairs
Permanent Representation of the People's
Republic of China to the UN Agencies for Food
and Agriculture









Qingtian Rice-fish Culture System (2005)









Honghe Hani Rice Terraces System (2010)







Four reasons to relieve severe drought:

- Eco-landscape structure;
- Suitable water conservation woods;
- Ingenious water management knowledge;
- Traditional cultural and spiritual experience.



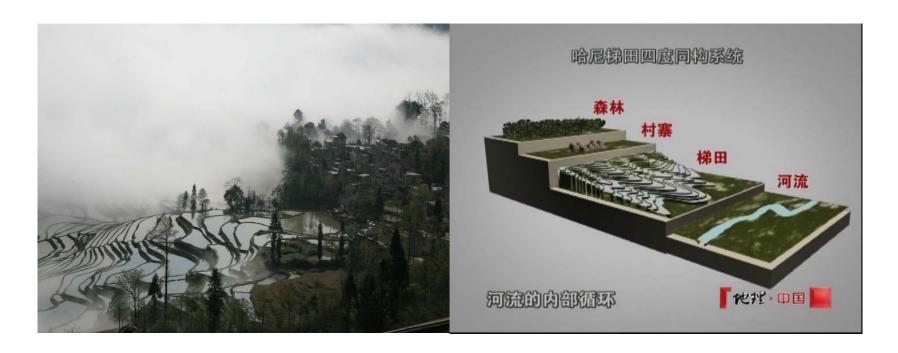






Eco-landscape structure:

"Forest-Village-Terrace-River" Landscape ("Four-in-One" System)



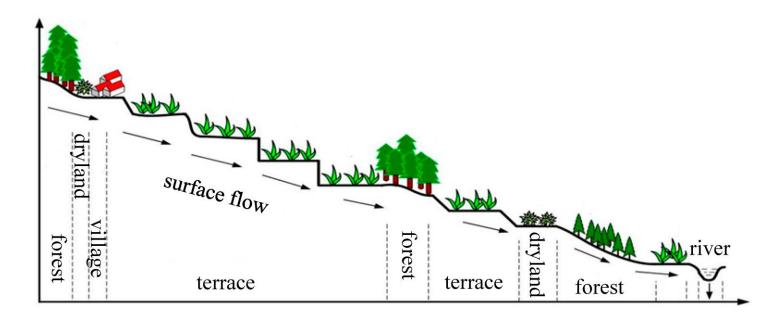






Eco-landscape structure:

"Forest-Village-Terrace-River" Landscape ("Four-in-One" System)













Wannian Tradition Rice Culture (2010)









Congjiang Rice-fish-duck System (2011)









Pu'er Traditional Tea Agrosystem (2012)

Aohan Dryland Farming System (2012)











Shaoxing Ancient Torreya System (2013)

Xuanhua Urban Grape Gardens (2013)









Xinghua Raised-field Agrosystem (2014)



Fuzhou Jasmine & Tea Culture (2014)











Jiaxian Traditional Chinese Date Gardens (2014)

Zhagana Agriculture -Forest-Animal Husbandry Composite System (2017)









Huzhou Mulberry-Dyke & Fish Pond System (2017)



Xiajin Yellow River Old Course Ancient Mulberry Grove System (2018)









Rice Terraces in Southern Mountainous and Hilly Areas (2018)







GIAHS is a typical climate-smart agriculture model:

- Low input, low consumption, low pollution and low emission;
- Diversified output;
- Ingenious knowledge system of land and water management;
- Complex agro-ecosystem and landscape.







Four GIAHS Global high-level trainings were organized

in China since 2014



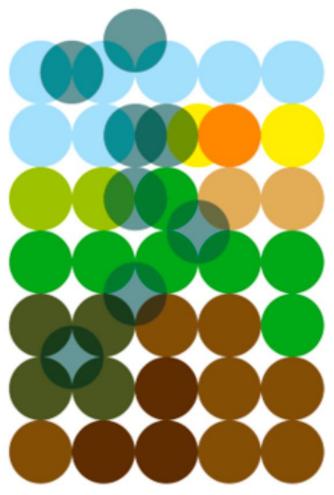












THANK YOU!

Dr Yubo XU xuyubo@chinamission.it

